

Improves your 'theory of mind'

Theory of mind refers to a person's ability to see outside of oneself.

A person with a great theory of mind is an empathetic person.

CONNECTION?

Studies found that reading fiction can help improve empathic tendencies in individuals so much so that the brain uses the same regions when you're reading a story and acting out of empathy.



NOT JUST ANY KIND OF STORY

Reading literary fiction that

incites a great deal of sympathy towards the characters is one of the best ways to practice one's theory of mind.

Be more empathetic



empathy towards fictional characters. This is becauses fiction allows the self to imagine other realities, allowing the reader to get in touch with other people's thoughts.

Once in a while, readers will experience a deep sense of

Participants were asked to guess the feelings of people only by being

A STUDY PROVES JUST THAT

shown a photo of their eyes. Compared with subjects who read non-fiction books, those who read fictional books had significantly higher test scores, indicating a much higher level of empathy.



through imagination Reading has always been one of the greatest tools for boosting memory



A study using functional

magnetic resonance imaging

and engaging the brain. But did you know that it is also great for activating the hippocampus, the area responsible for learning and memory?

(fMRI) showed that three-word descriptive phrases such as "a dark blue carpet" or an "orange-striped pencil" were enough to light up the hippocampus.



THE BETTER Literary fiction encourages the reader to take into consideration

THE FEWER WORDS,

both what is being said and not said, and use that information to fill in the space through powerful imagination.

Improves decision making and emotional processing

key areas of the brain involved in memory and emotional processing.

Stories, written in whatever language, have the universal ability to activate

A study from Human Brain Mapping found that reading activates the: **POSTERIOR CINGULATE**

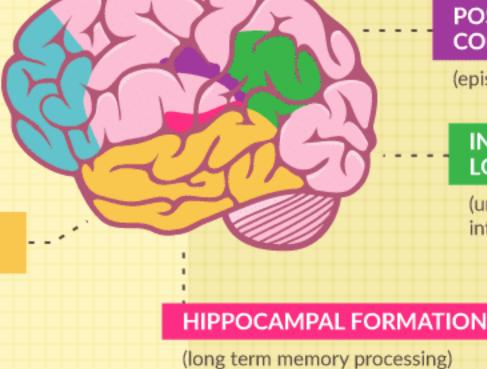
MEDIAL PREFRONTAL CORTEX

(decision making and memory recall)

LATERAL TEMPORAL CORTEX

(emotional association

and visual memory)



(episodic memory recall)

INFERIOR PARIETAL LOBE (understanding emotions and

CORTEX

interpreting sensory data)

Poetry allows for effective self-reflection

Start reading real poetry. This means poetry enthusiasts High poetry written by the are capable of high-levels canonical poets such as

effective in activating the area of the brain associated with autobiographical memory.

Want to challenge yourself?

Wordsworth, Shakespeare,

and Dickinson were found

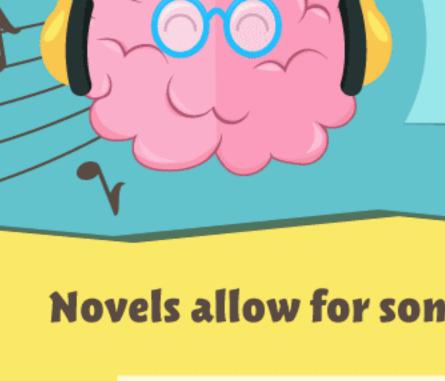


of self-reflection.

When in need of a challenge,

books like poetry collections.

pick up more challenging



A study done at Emory University using fMRI found that

the brain retains activity for as much as five days after

Novels allow for some serious "mind-building"

Music and poetry do the same thing to the brain.

regions of the brain responsible for introspection.

Listening to complex notes and reading high

levels of prose and poetry stimulate left-sided

reading a book. This "shadow activity" is similar to muscle building. Days after the activity, increases in connectivity were found in the leftangular/supramarginal gyri and right posterior temporal gyri, which are areas

Kind of like lifting weights but this time for your brain. Ever feel

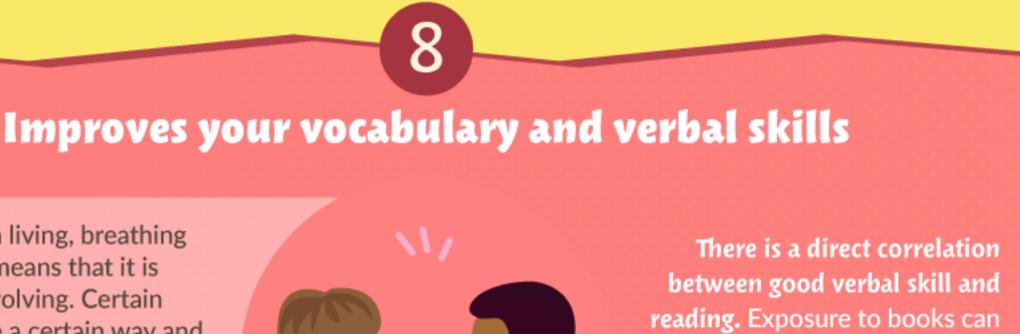
like your brain is so pumped even days after you finish a novel?

associated with comprehension.

HERE'S WHY

Language is a living, breathing thing which means that it is constantly evolving. Certain authors write a certain way and use certain words that others won't. Reading different books is





help acquire linguistic skills

through vocabulary expansion.

The more a person reads, the

more knowledge is acquired

through the material.

Slows down mental aging

Long-time reading serves as a constant mental exercise for people of all ages. Exposure to imagery, metaphors, philosophy, abstract ideas, and creativity challenges the brain to stay active, and can very well mean the



www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3275681 www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/311773.php

one of the best ways to discover

new ways of explaining an idea

or creating an image.

difference between a healthy and happy brain from a slow one.

HERE'S HOW

A study has shown reading improves sentence processing and memory in

older adults. Lifelong readers become better at comprehending sentence

structures, which helps improve their comprehension and memory.

Sources www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/8447247

onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/full/10.1002/hbm.23814 online.liebertpub.com/doi/abs/10.1089/brain.2013.0166 medicalxpress.com/news/2006-12-shakespeare-effect-human-brain.html www.cell.com/trends/cognitive-sciences/fulltext/S1364-6613(16)30070-5 www.annualreviews.org/doi/abs/10.1146/annurev-psych-120709-145406 www.ingentaconnect.com/content/imp/jcs/2013/00000020/F0020009/art00008

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